

Isospin-violating dark matter from a double portal

G. Belanger, A. Goudelis, **JCP**, A. Pukhov
arXiv: 1311.0022

Park, Jong-Chul

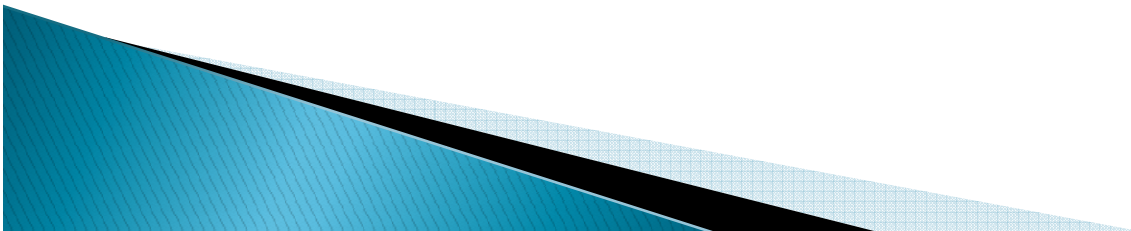


November 14, 2013

The 3rd KIAS Workshop on particle physics & cosmology

Outline

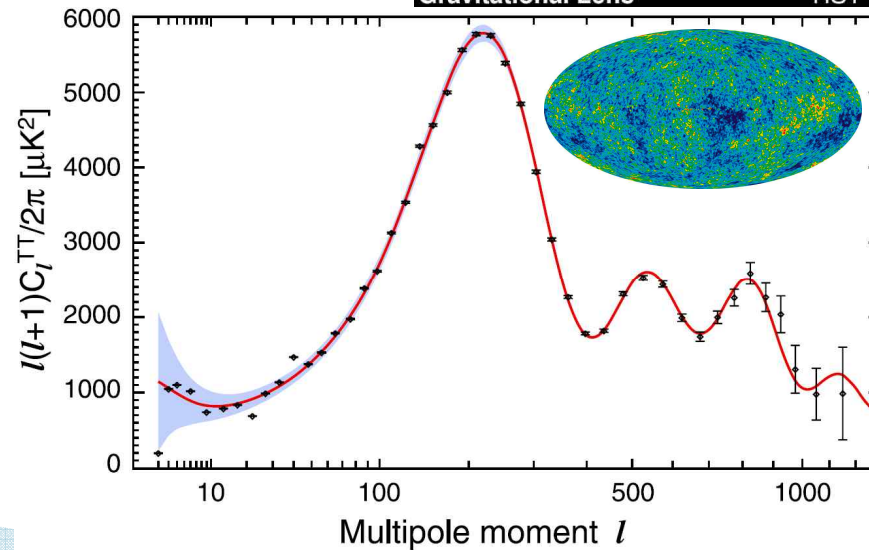
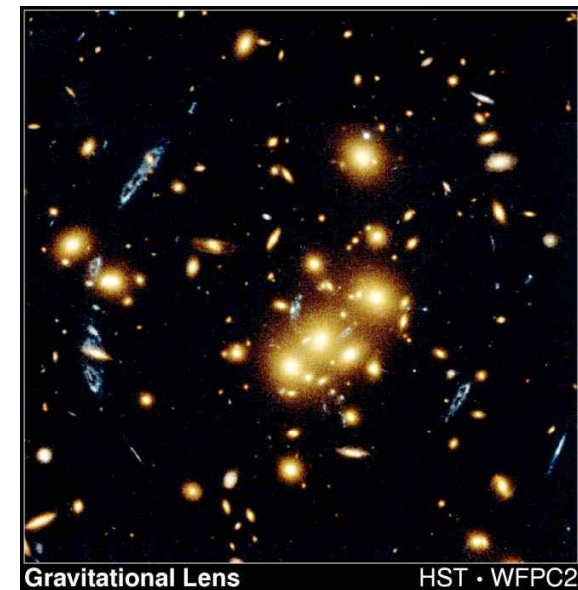
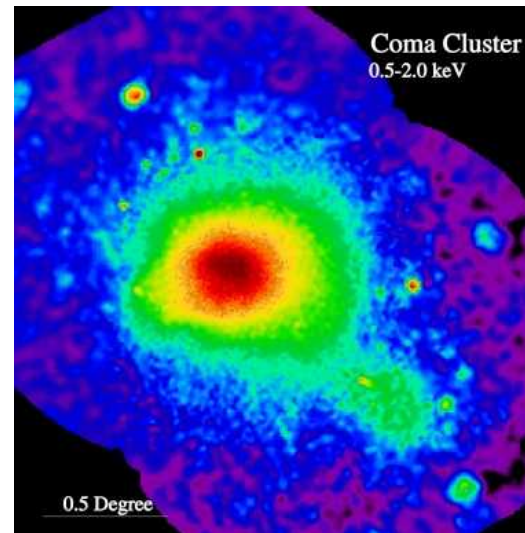
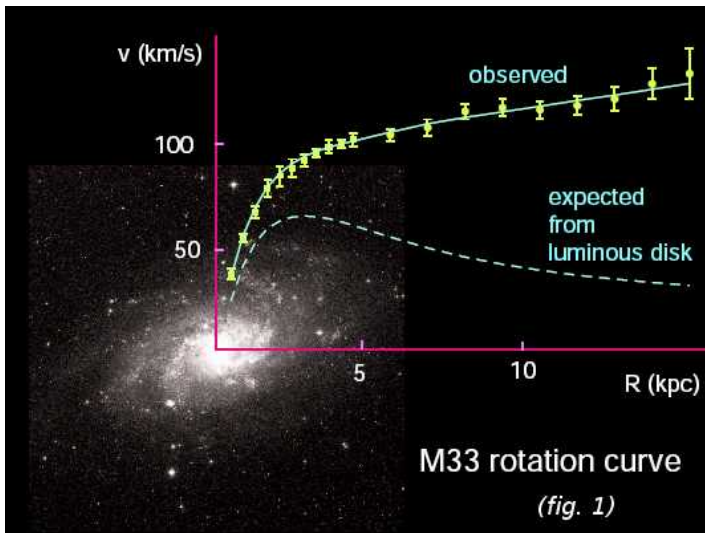
- Dark matter → [Y. Kim, K. Zurek, M. Pospelov ...](#)
- Light dark matter: → [Y. Kim, K. Zurek, M. Pospelov ...](#)
 - Hints from direct searches?
- IVDM model from a double portal
- Conclusion



Dark matter

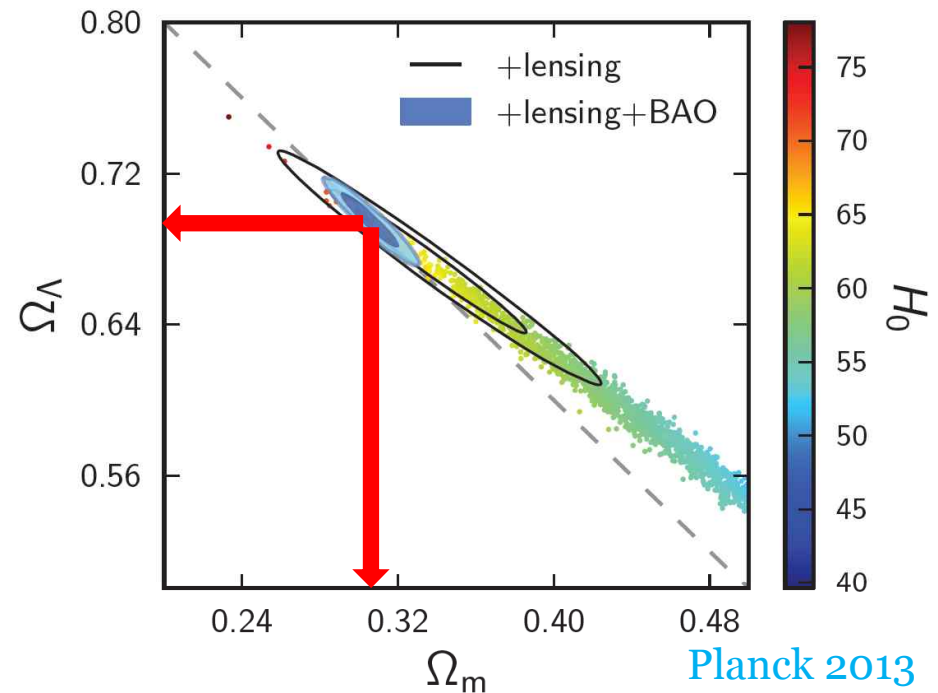
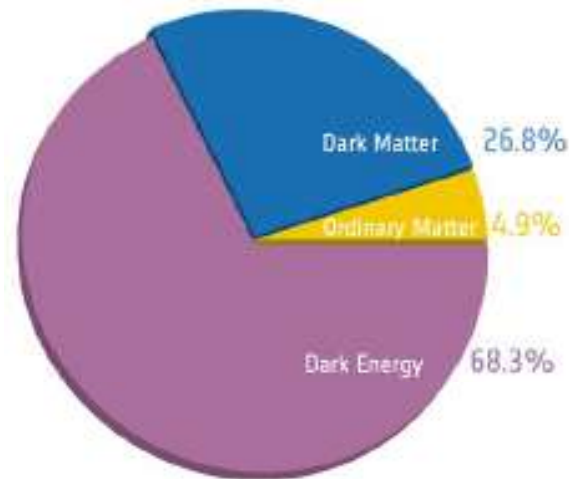
❖ discovered via gravity

by Fritz Zwicky (1933) & Vera Rubin (1970)



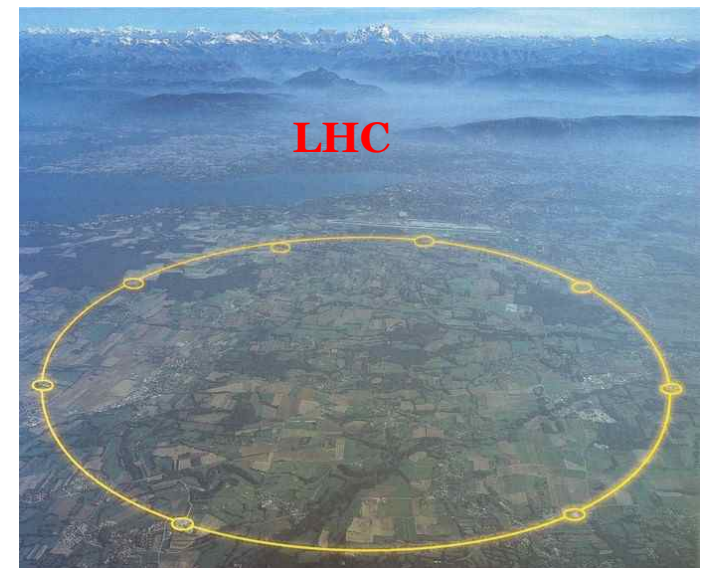
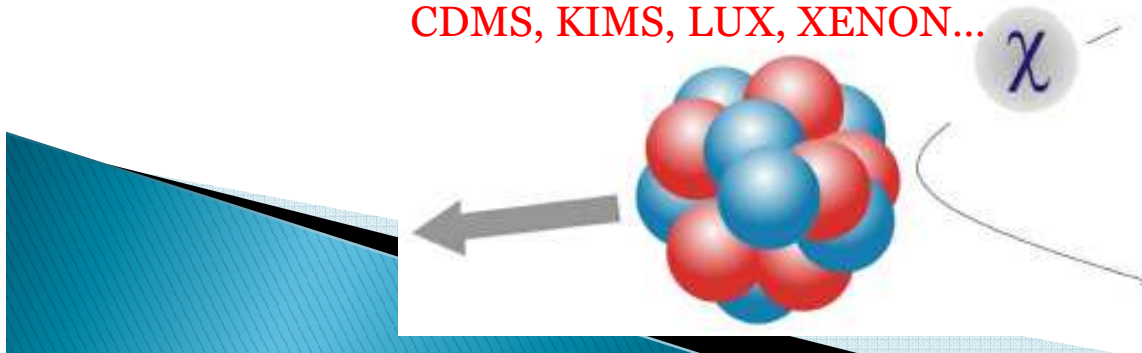
And ...

- ❖ DM accounts for $1/4$ of the **mass-E** of the Universe.

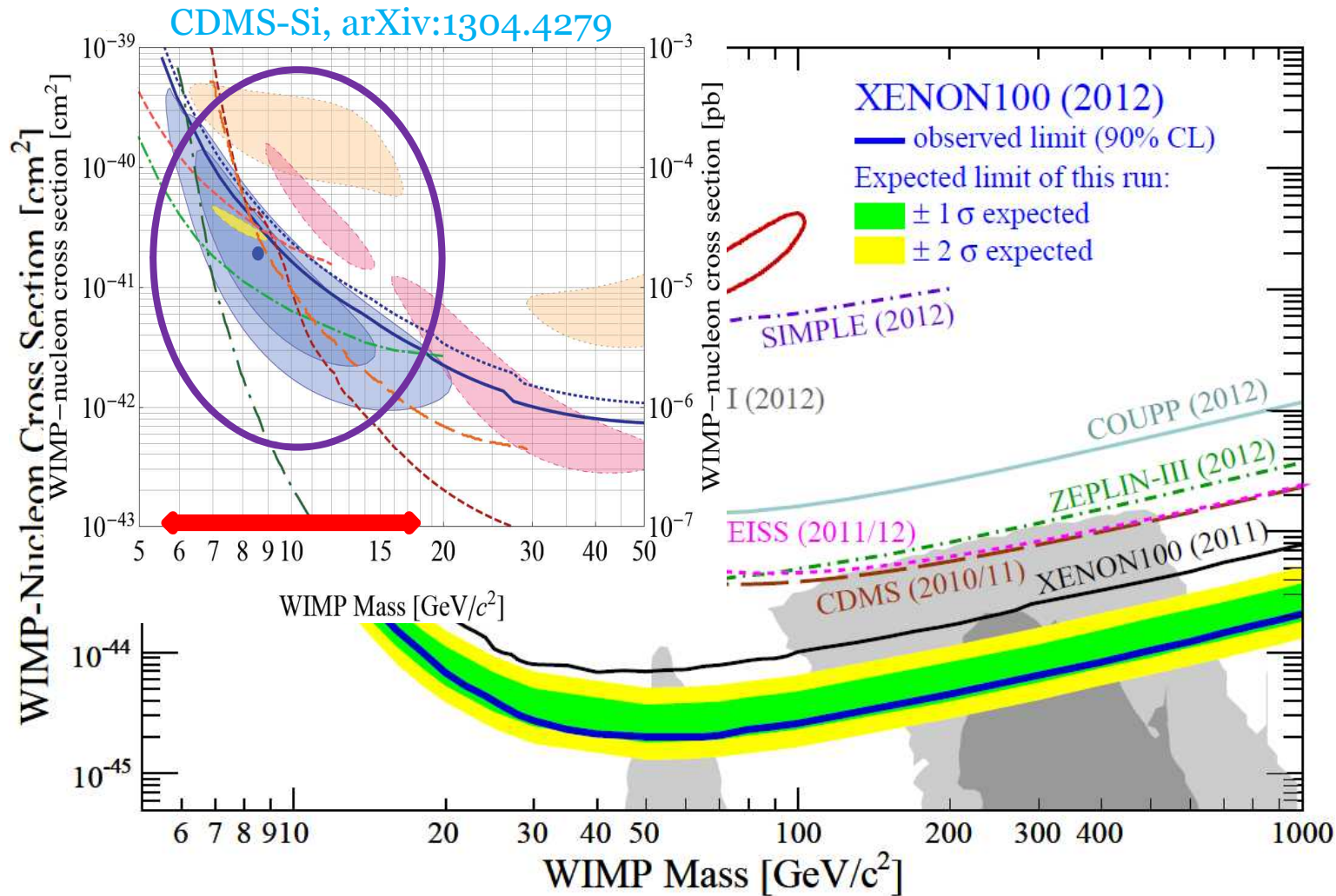


- ❖ **For the particle identification**, a discovery via EM, strong or weak probes is needed: e.g. **DM direct detection**, **production**, etc.

CDMS, KIMS, LUX, XENON...

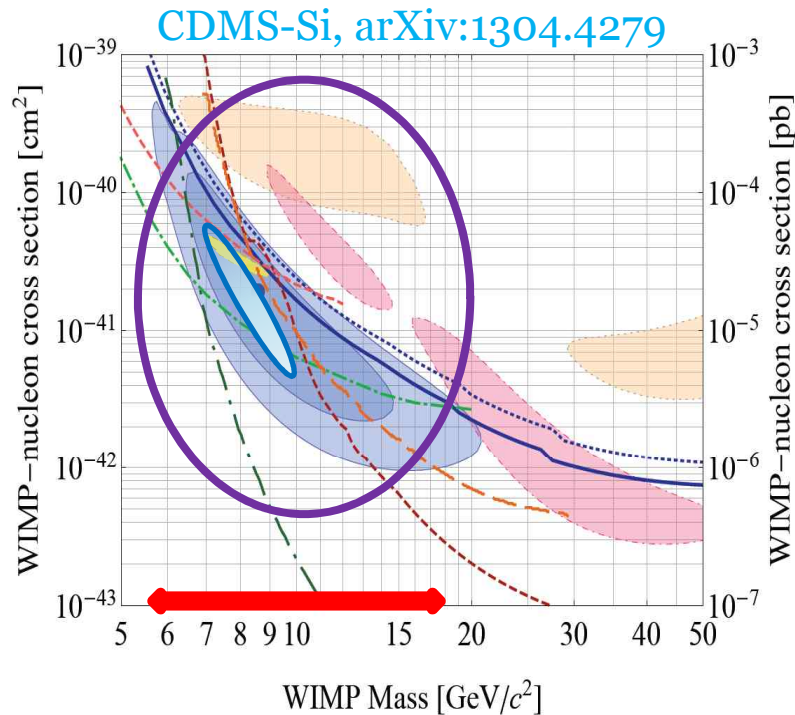


Status of direct detection



XENON100, PRL 109(2012)

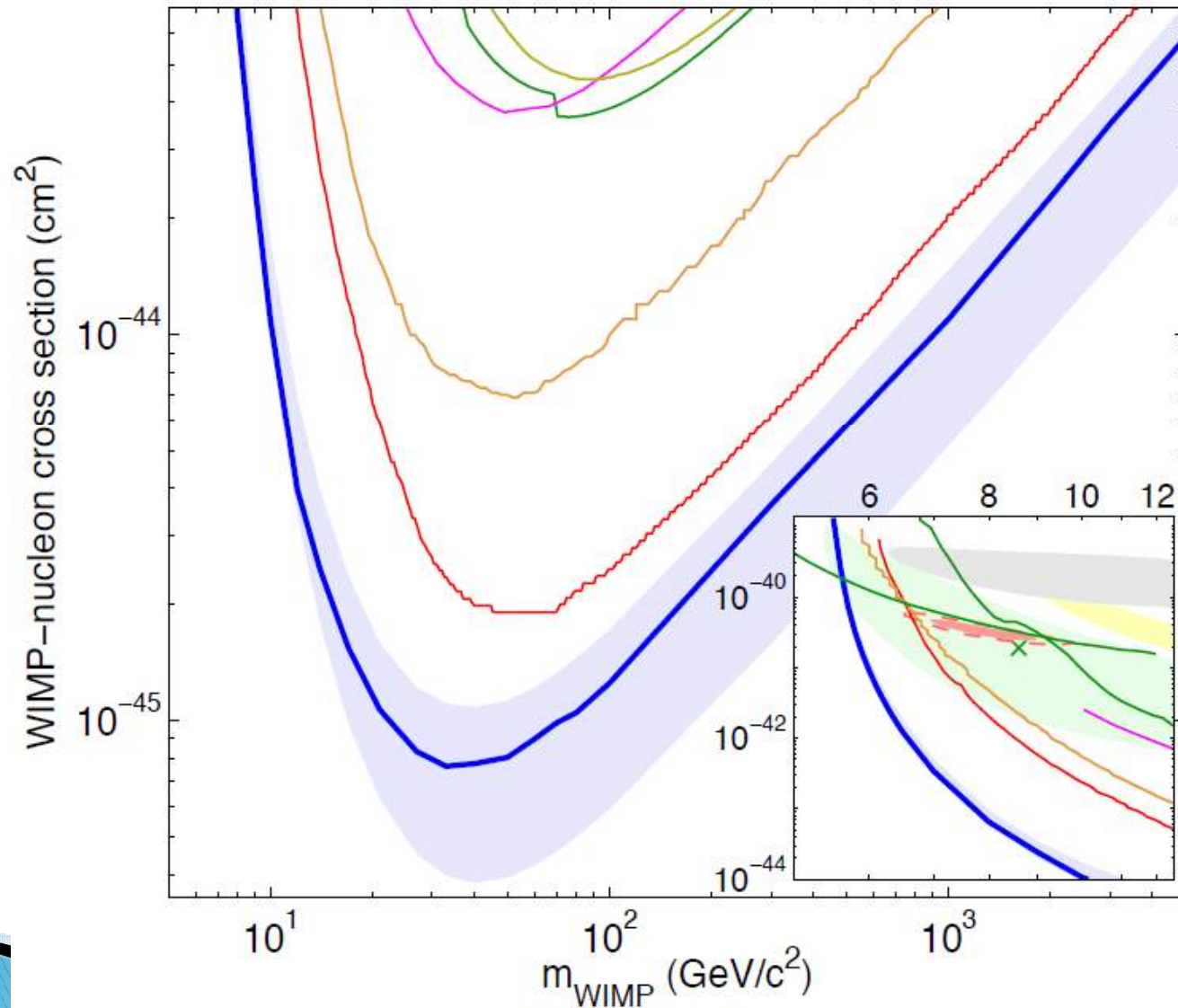
Hints of ~ 10 GeV DM?



- ❖ DAMA: **NAI**, annual modulation $\sim 9\sigma$.
[arXiv:1102.1028](#)
- ❖ CRESST: **CaWO₄**, 67 events $> 4\sigma$.
[arXiv:1109.0702](#)
- ❖ CoGeNT: **Ge**, annual modulation $\sim 3\sigma$.
[arXiv:1208.5737](#)
- ❖ CDMS-Si: **Si**, 3 events with 0.7 BG.
[arXiv:1304.4279](#)
- ❖ CDMS-Ge: **Ge**, exponential excess of events in the nuclear recoil band $> 5\sigma$.
(unofficial) [arXiv:1204.3559](#)

Stringent limit from LUX

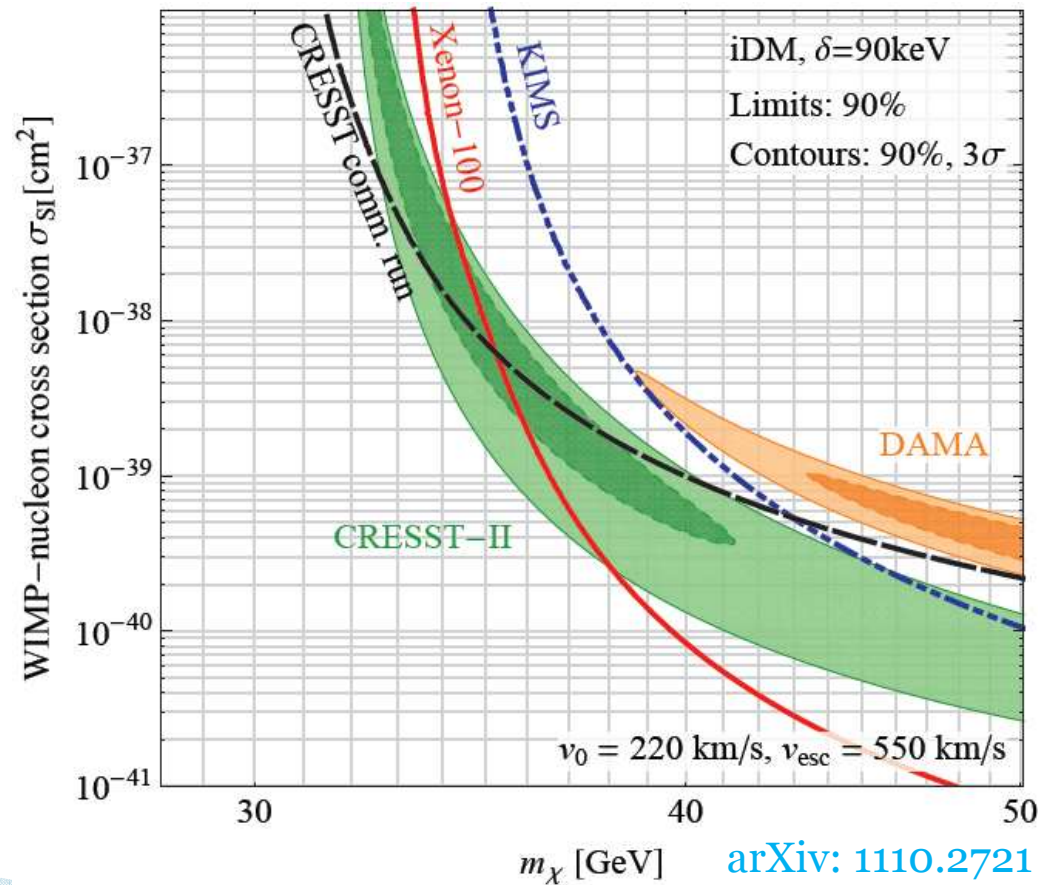
arXiv: 1310.8214



Suggested ideas

❖ **Inelastic DM:** More than two states with **mass splittings**, i.e. EWDM.

[hep-ph/0101138](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/0101138)



Suggested ideas

❖ Isospin-violating DM (IVDM):

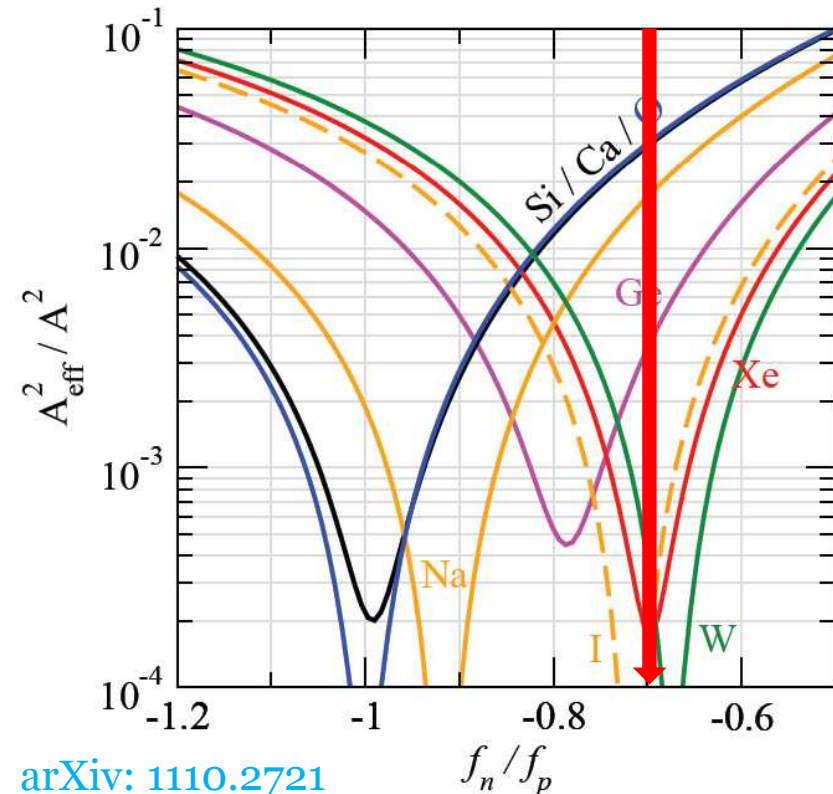
[hep-ph/0504157](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/0504157)

In general, DM can couple differently to p's and n's, $f_p \neq f_n$.

Moreover, if $f_p f_n < 0$, **cancellation between two contributions**, depending on the **number of p's and n's in a target**.

$$A_{\text{eff}}^2 \equiv \sum_{i \in \text{isotopes}} 2r_i [Z \cos \theta + (A_i - Z) \sin \theta]^2$$

$\tan \theta = f_n / f_p$ and
 r_i is the relative abundance.



[arXiv: 1110.2721](https://arxiv.org/abs/1110.2721)

DM with a double portal

Belanger, Goudelis, JCP, Pukhov

arXiv: 1311.0022

- ❖ A hidden DM with a **double portal interaction**:

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} - \frac{1}{2} \sin \epsilon \hat{B}_{\mu\nu} \hat{X}^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} \hat{X}_{\mu\nu} \hat{X}^{\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{2} m_{\hat{X}}^2 \hat{X}^2 + y_{\psi} S \bar{\psi} \psi + g_X \hat{X}_{\mu} \bar{\psi} \gamma^{\mu} \psi$$

$$- \lambda_{SH} S^{\dagger} S H^{\dagger} H + \frac{1}{2} \mu_S^2 S^{\dagger} S - \frac{1}{4} \lambda_S (S^{\dagger} S)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \mu_H^2 H^{\dagger} H - \frac{1}{4} \lambda_H (H^{\dagger} H)^2$$

- ❖ Diagonalization of **kinetic & mass mixing terms**:

$$\hat{B} = c_{\hat{W}} A - (t_{\epsilon} s_{\xi} + s_{\hat{W}} c_{\xi}) Z + (s_{\hat{W}} s_{\xi} - t_{\epsilon} c_{\xi}) Z_X$$

$$\hat{W}_3 = s_{\hat{W}} A + c_{\hat{W}} c_{\xi} Z - c_{\hat{W}} s_{\xi} Z_X ,$$

$$\hat{X} = \frac{s_{\xi}}{c_{\epsilon}} Z + \frac{c_{\xi}}{c_{\epsilon}} Z_X ,$$

Chun, JCP & Scopel, arXiv: 1011.3300

- ❖ Diagonalization of **scalar field mixing**:

$$\mathcal{M}_{sh}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_S v_S^2 / 2 & \lambda_{SH} v v_S \\ \lambda_{SH} v v_S & \lambda_H v^2 / 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} h_1 \\ h_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} c_{\alpha} & -s_{\alpha} \\ s_{\alpha} & c_{\alpha} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} s \\ h \end{pmatrix}$$

$$m_{h_1, h_2}^2 = \frac{1}{4} \lambda_H v^2 + \frac{1}{4} \lambda_S v_S^2 \mp \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{4} \lambda_H v^2 - \frac{1}{4} \lambda_S v_S^2 \right)^2 + (\lambda_{SH} v v_S)^2}$$

IVDM via a double portal

- ❖ Isospin-violating interactions through a **interference** of a **scalar and U(1)_X gauge boson contribution**.

$$\text{❖ } f_p^V \gg f_n^V : g_f^{Z_X} = \frac{g_{fL}^{Z_X} + g_{fR}^{Z_X}}{2} \simeq \frac{ec_\xi t_\epsilon \sqrt{1-s_W^2} [(8s_W^2 - 4)Q + s_W^2 t_\epsilon^2 T_3]}{8s_W^2 - 4} + \mathcal{O}(r_X)$$

$$\approx ec_\xi t_\epsilon c_W Q$$

$$t_\epsilon \ll 1 \text{ \& } r_X = m_{Z_X}^2 / m_Z^2 < 1$$

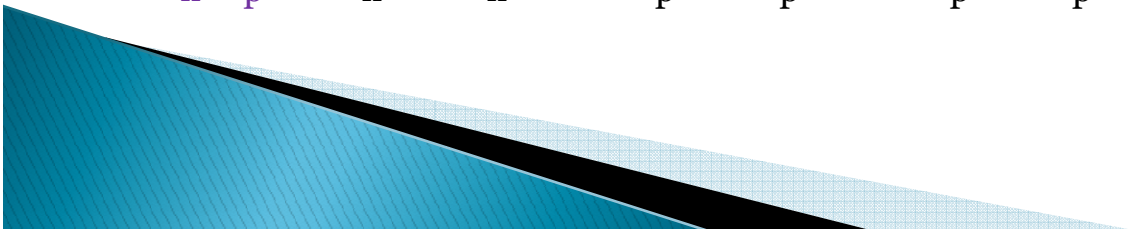
: **General** in a model with **a kinetic mixing between U(1)_Y & U(1)_X**.

- ❖ $f_p^{\text{hi}} \approx f_n^{\text{hi}}$: interactions of h_1 & h_2 with the SM $f \sim y_f$ and $\sum f_p^{Tq} \approx \sum f_n^{Tq}$

: **General** feature in models via **a Higgs portal**.

- ❖ One can find **some region of parameter space** satisfying

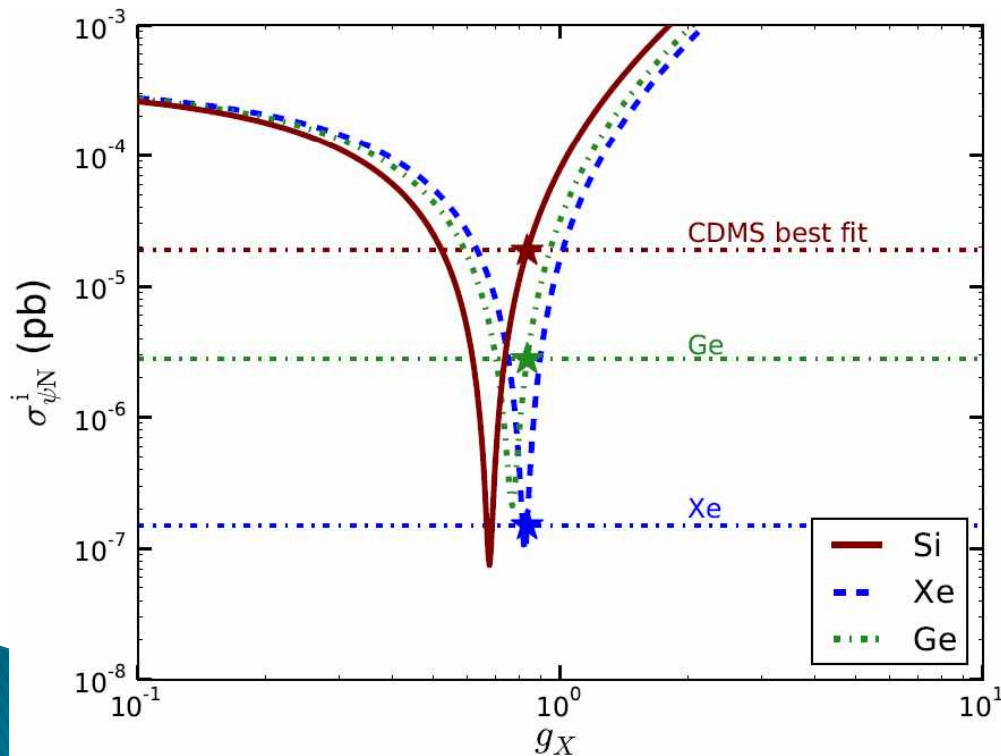
$$f_n/f_p \approx (f_n^{\text{hi}} + f_n^{Z_X}) / (f_p^{\text{hi}} + f_p^{Z_X}) \approx f_p^{\text{hi}} / (f_p^{\text{hi}} + f_p^X) \approx \text{-0.7}$$



Relative suppressions

❖ General formula for a multi-isotope material

$$\sigma_{\psi N^Z} = \sigma_{\psi p} \left[c \frac{\sum \eta_i \mu_{A_i}^2 (f_p Z + f_n (A^i - Z))^2}{\sum \eta_i \mu_{A_i}^2 f_p^2} + \bar{c} \frac{\sum \eta_i \mu_{A_i}^2 (\bar{f}_p Z + \bar{f}_n (A^i - Z))^2}{\sum \eta_i \mu_{A_i}^2 \bar{f}_p^2} \right]$$

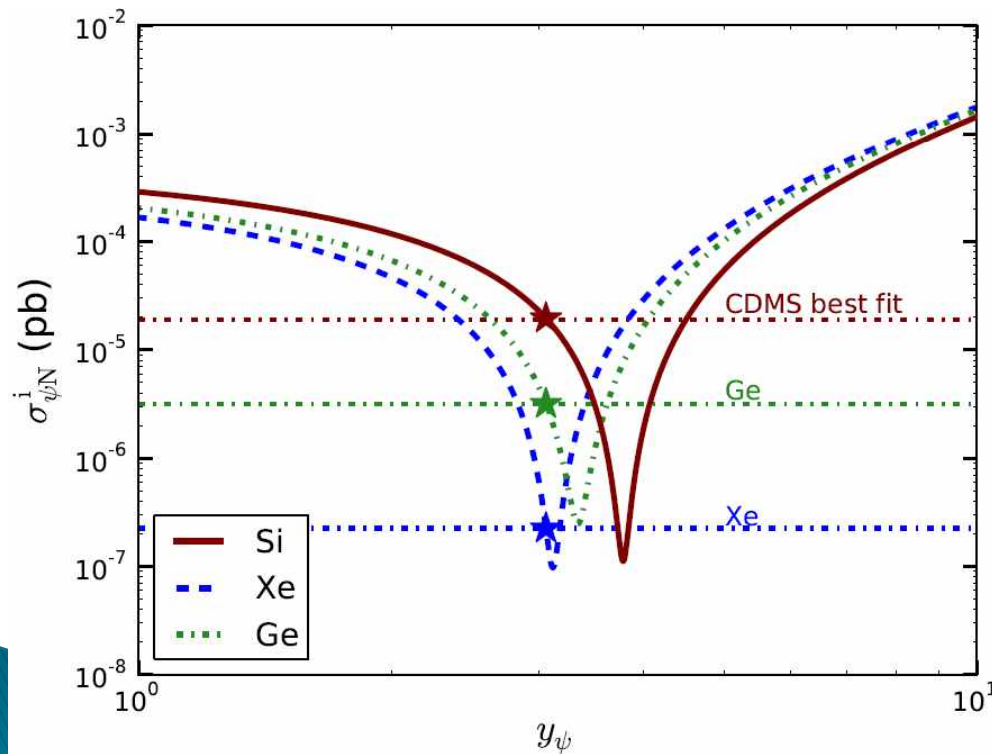


Parameter	Left panel	Right panel
m_Z	91.1813	91.1813
m_W	80.340	80.340
m_{Z_X}	18	18
ρ	0.9992	0.9992
m_ψ	8.6	8.6
ϵ	7×10^{-3}	7×10^{-3}
m_{h_1}	1	1
m_{h_2}	126	126
α	8×10^{-4}	8×10^{-4}
g_X	-	8.3×10^{-1}
y_ψ	3.1	-

Relative suppressions

❖ General formula for a multi-isotope material

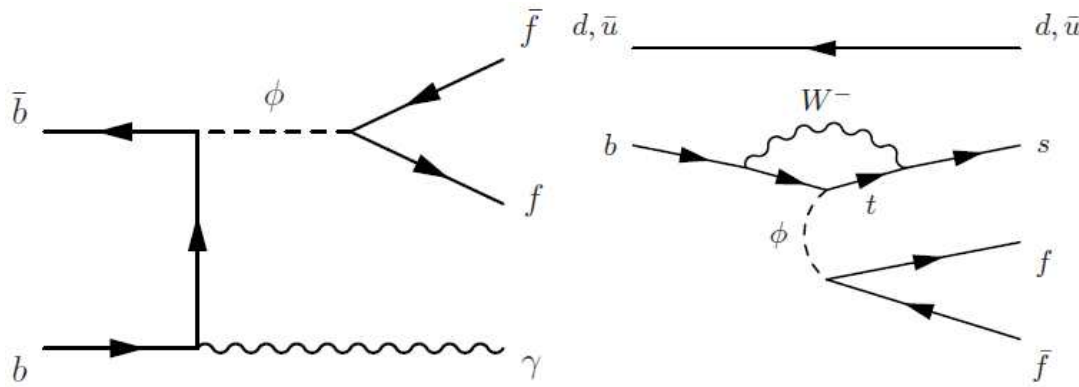
$$\sigma_{\psi N Z} = \sigma_{\psi p} \left[c \frac{\sum \eta_i \mu_{A_i}^2 (f_p Z + f_n (A^i - Z))^2}{\sum \eta_i \mu_{A_i}^2 f_p^2} + \bar{c} \frac{\sum \eta_i \mu_{A_i}^2 (\bar{f}_p Z + \bar{f}_n (A^i - Z))^2}{\sum \eta_i \mu_{A_i}^2 \bar{f}_p^2} \right]$$



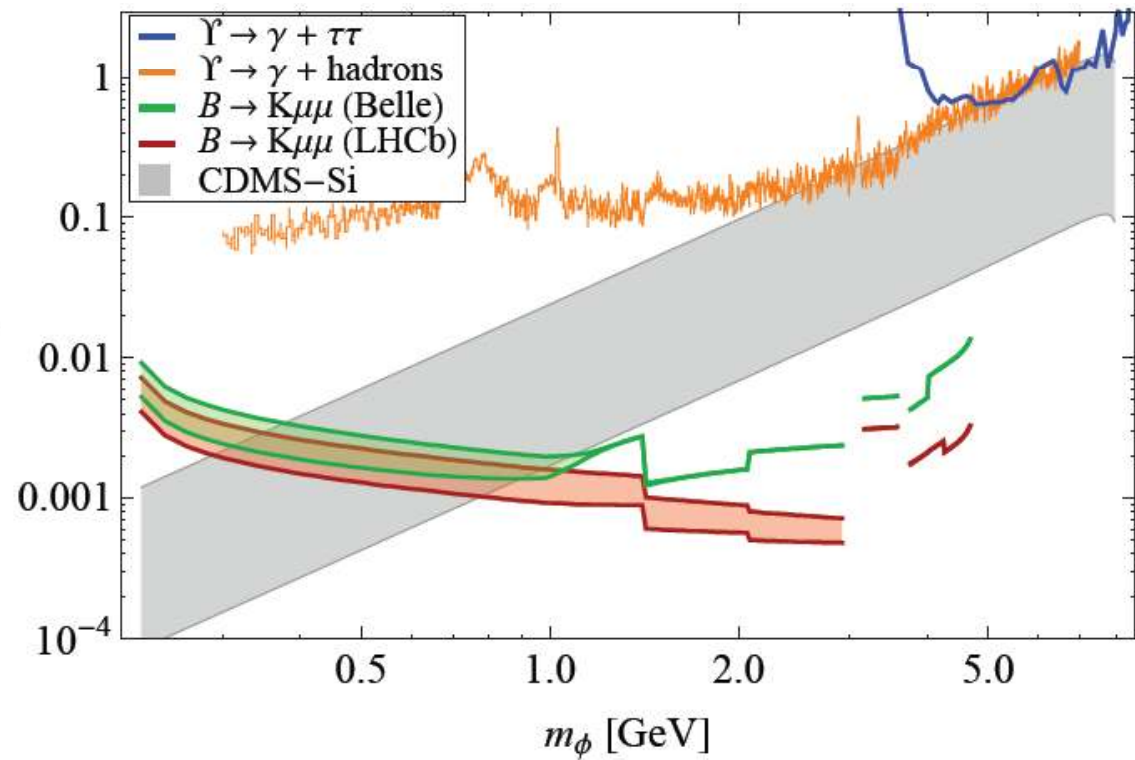
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y_ψ	3.1	-

Constraints from B physics

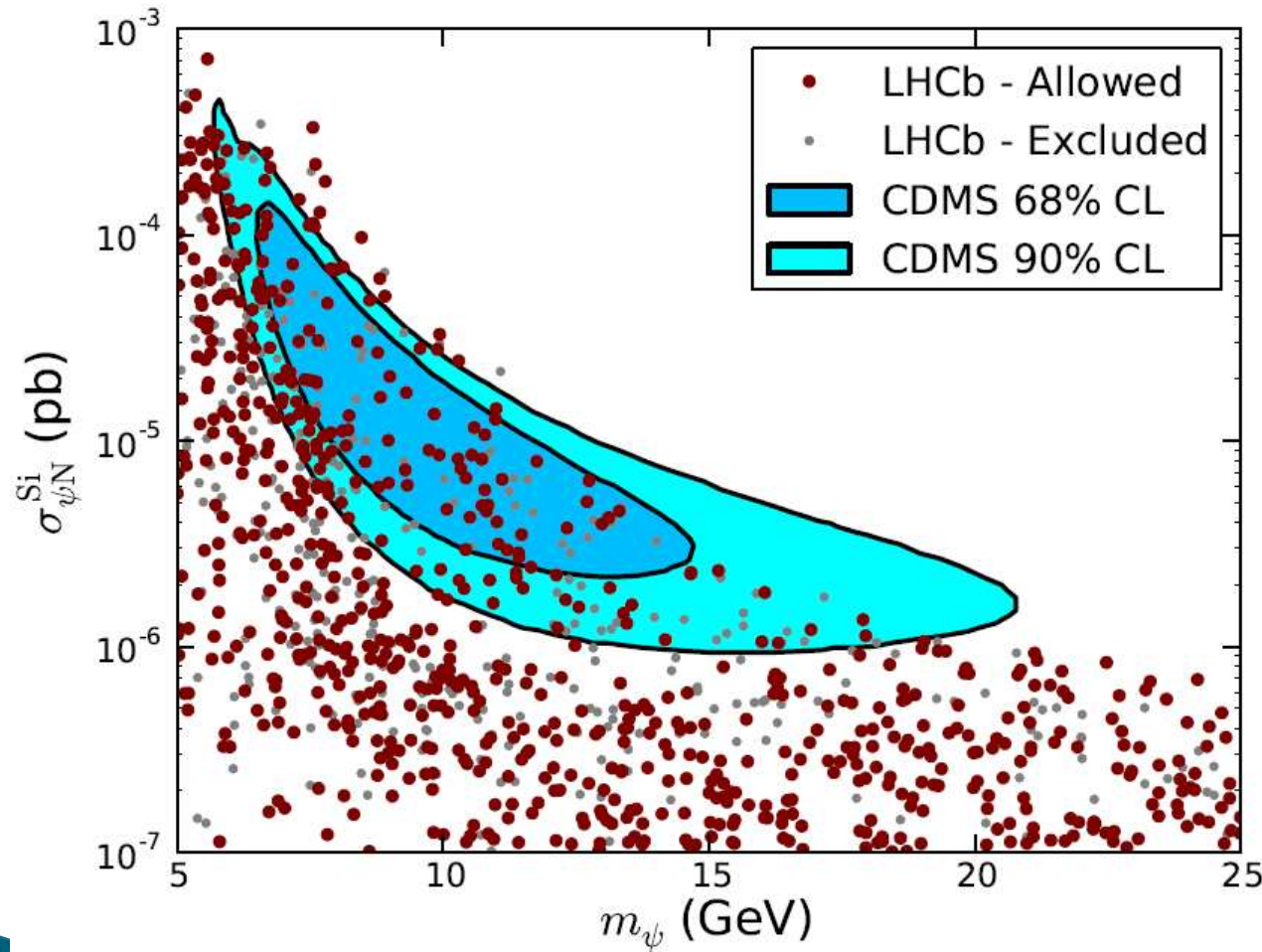
arXiv: 1310.6752



$$\diamond \alpha \cdot y_f^{\text{SM}} \leftrightarrow y \cdot y_f^{\text{SM}}$$



Scan over the parameter space



$$91.1813 < m_Z < 91.1939$$

$$80.340 < m_W < 80.430$$

$$0.9992 < \rho < 1.0016$$

$$0.003 < \epsilon < 0.04$$

$$5 < m_\psi < 25$$

$$2m_\psi - 7 < m_{Z_X} < 2m_\psi + 7$$

$$0.005 < y_\psi < 10$$

$$0.1 < g_X < 10$$

$$123 < m_{h_2} < 129$$

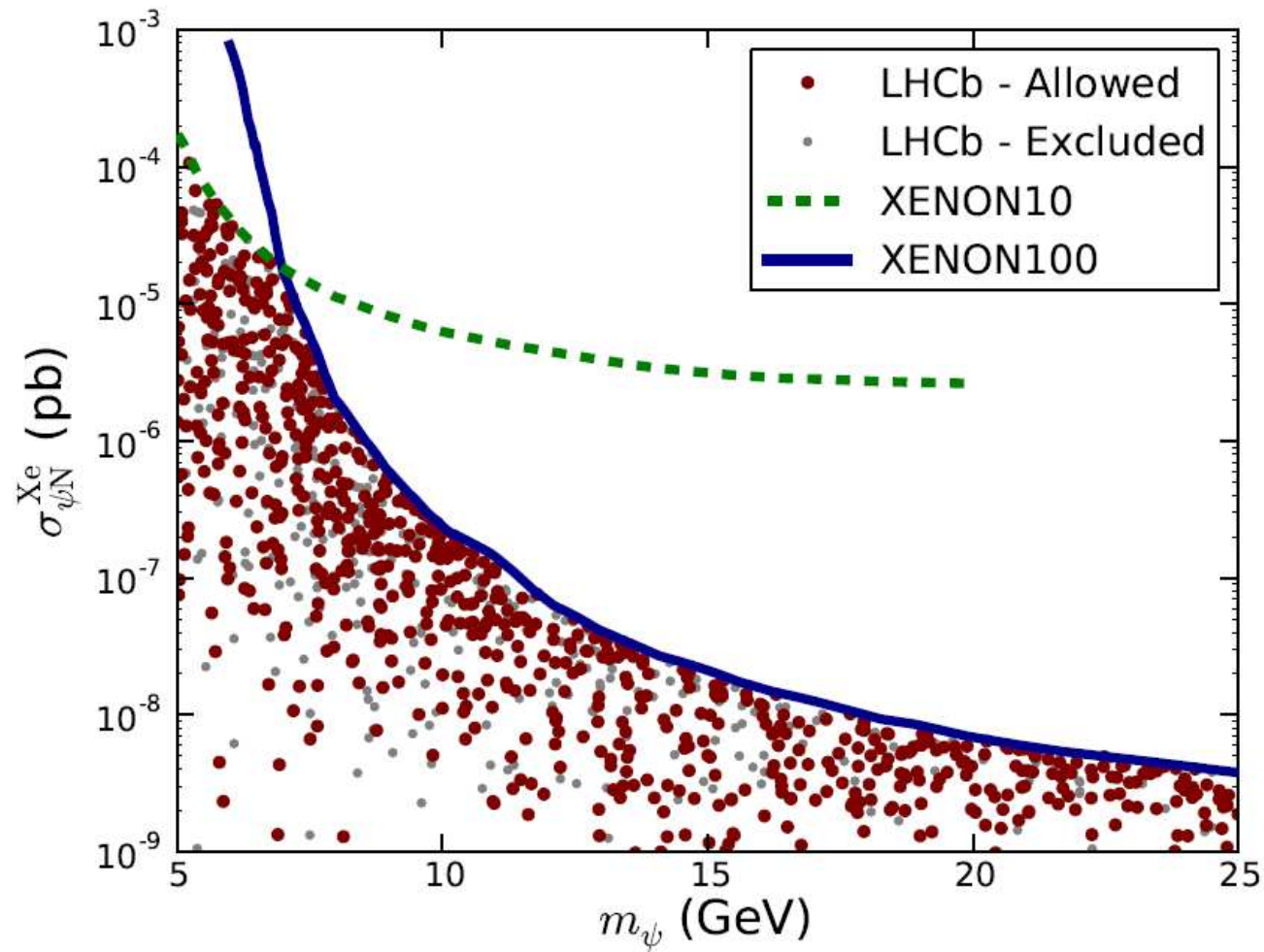
$$0.2 < m_{h_1} < 5$$

$$1 \times 10^{-4} < \alpha < 5 \times 10^{-3}$$

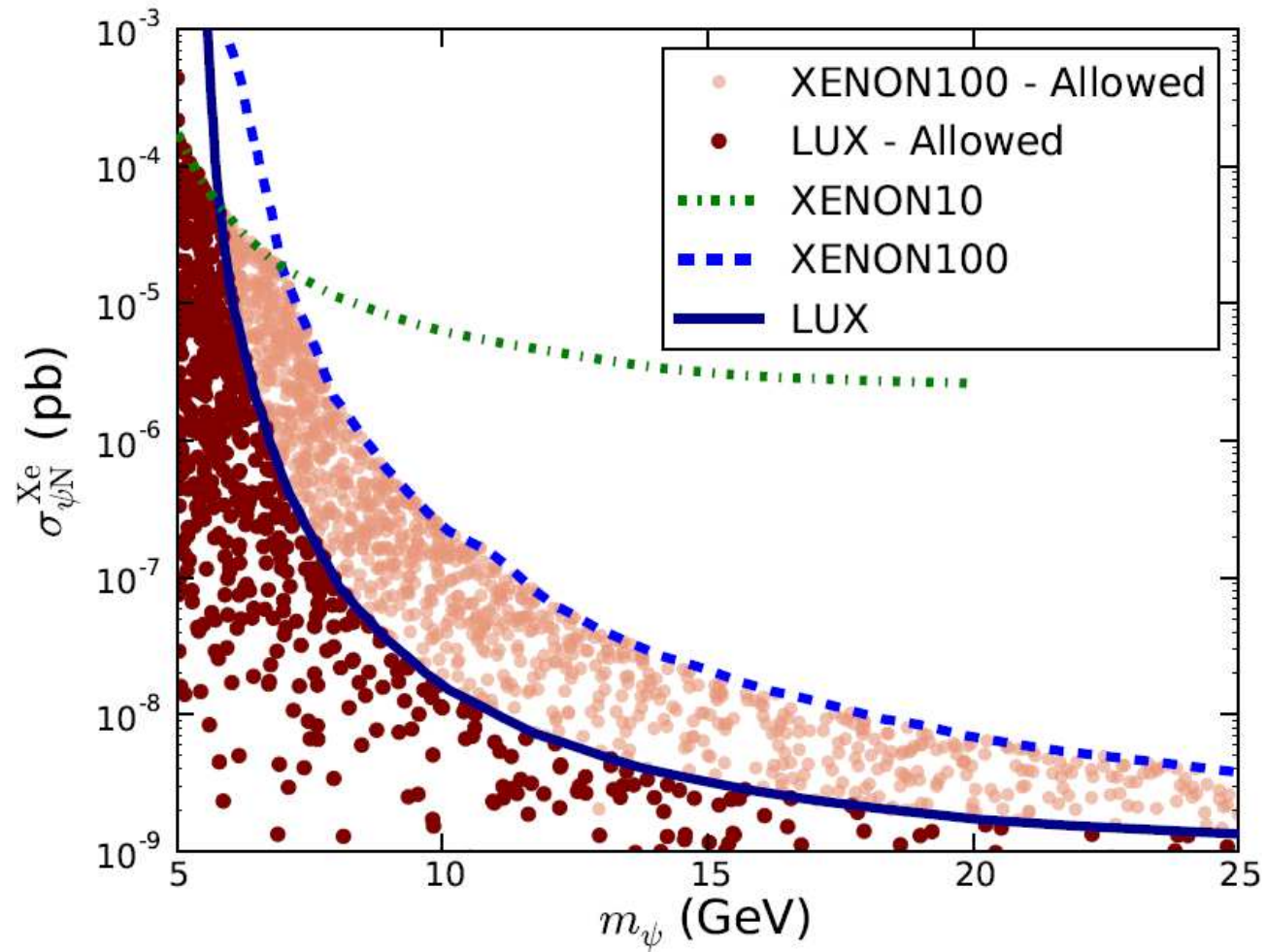
❖ EWPT, $Z \rightarrow \psi\psi$, $h \rightarrow \text{invisibles}$

❖ LHCb: $B \rightarrow K\mu\mu$ ([arXiv: 1310.6752](https://arxiv.org/abs/1310.6752))

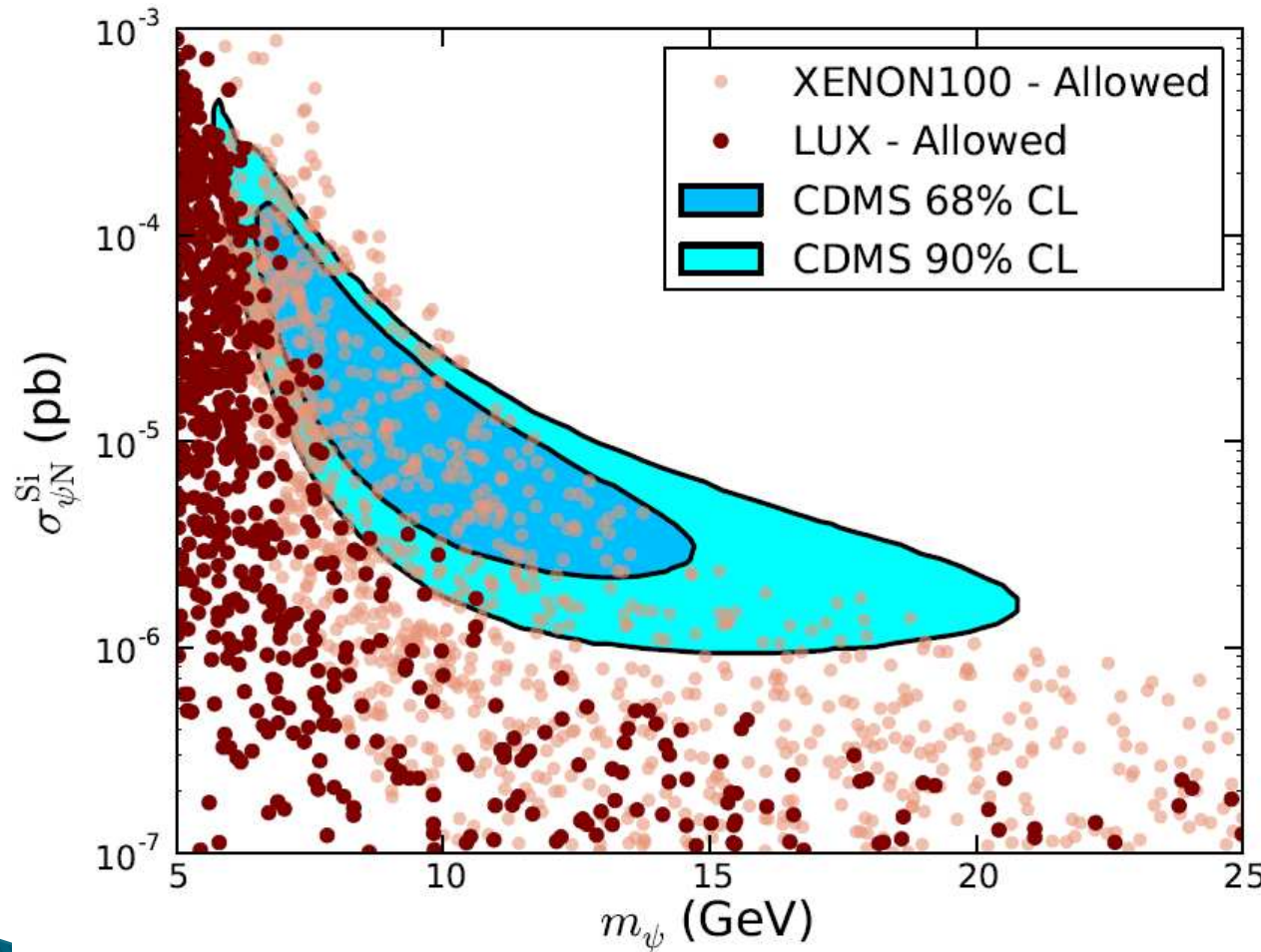
Cross section for Xe



Cross section for Xe



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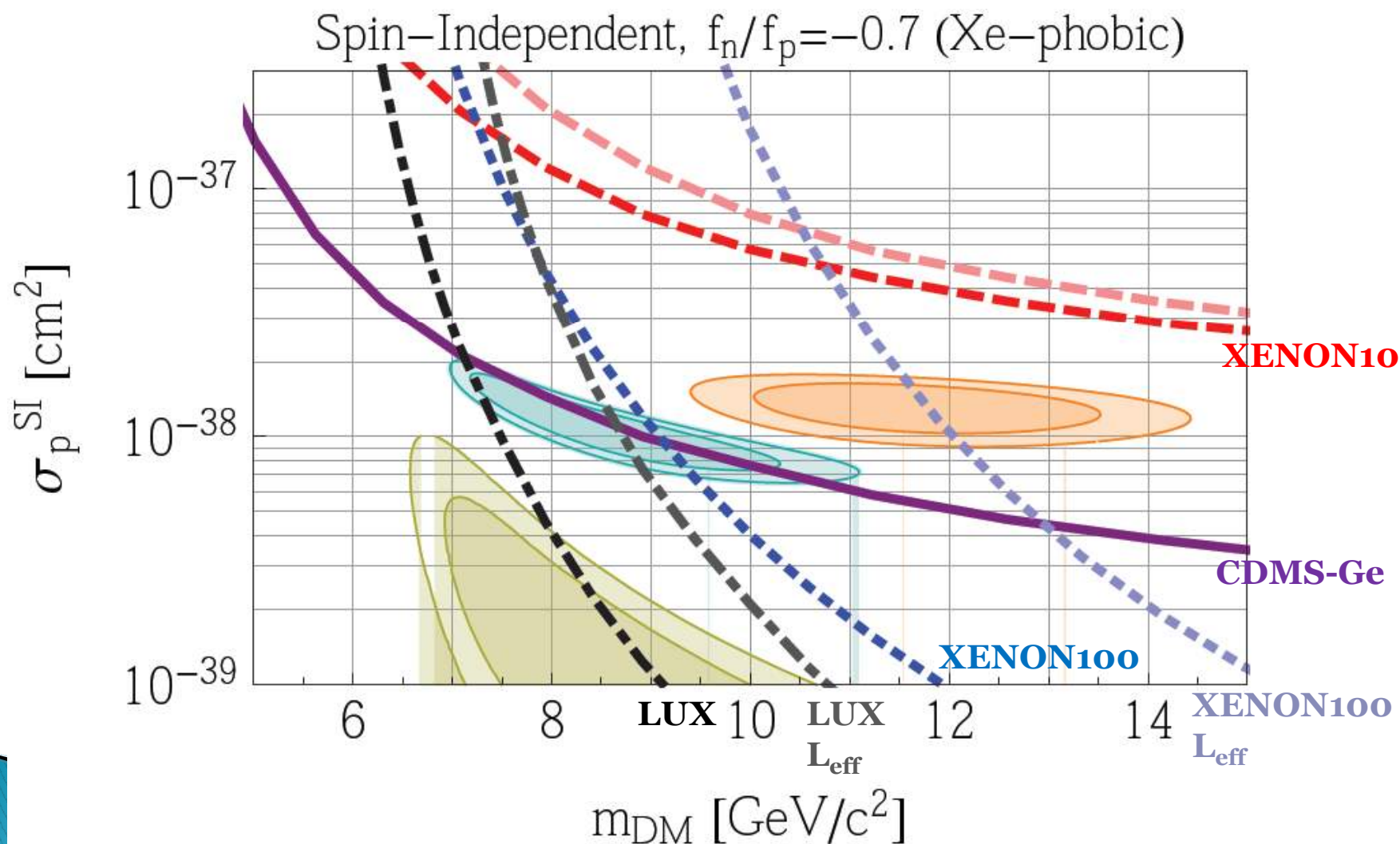
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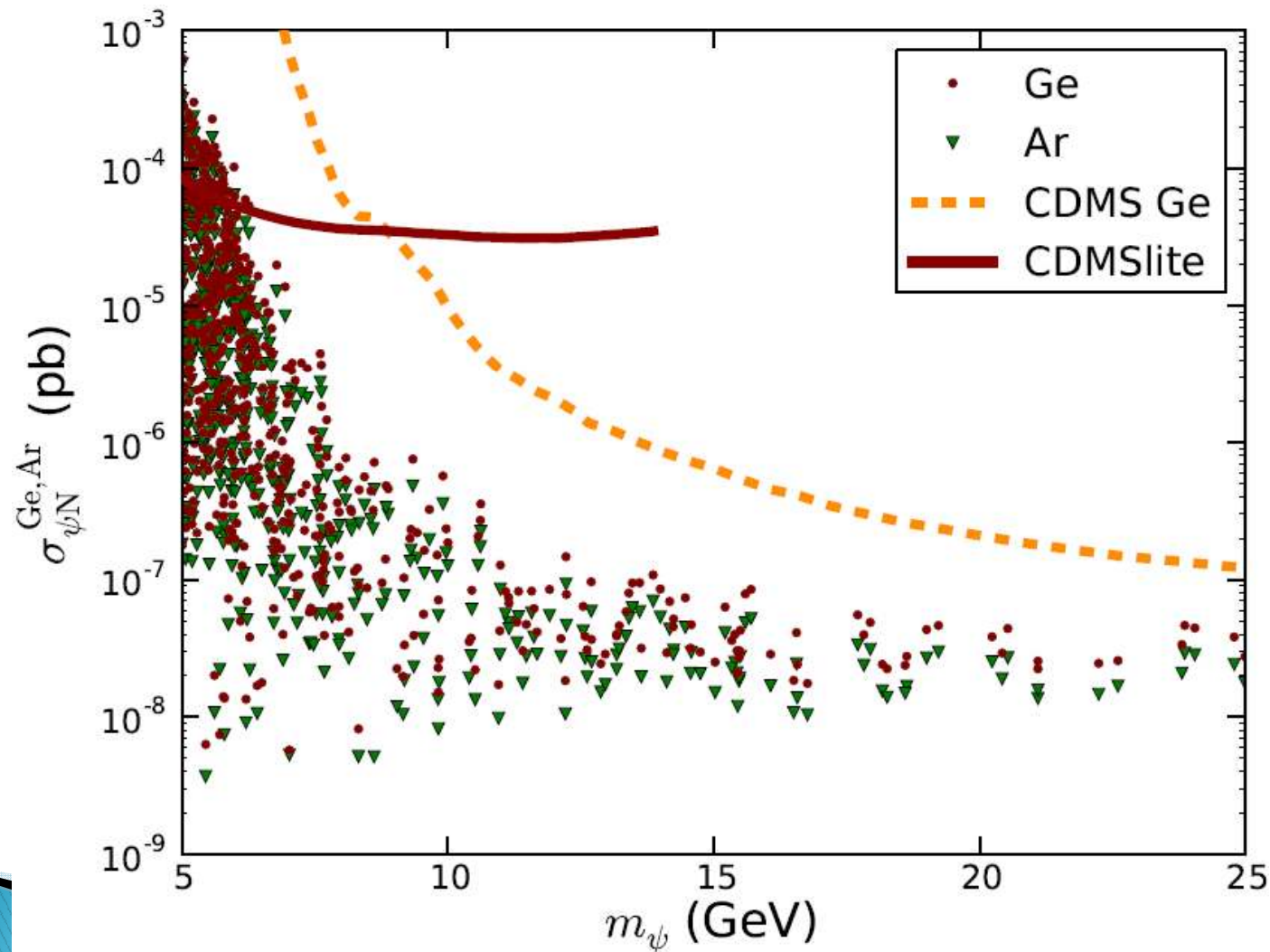
Cross section for IVDM

M. Gresham & K. Zurek,
arXiv: 1311.0022



Cross section for Ge & Ar

❖ Points falling close to the CDMS-Si compatible region satisfying all Exp. constraints



Conclusion

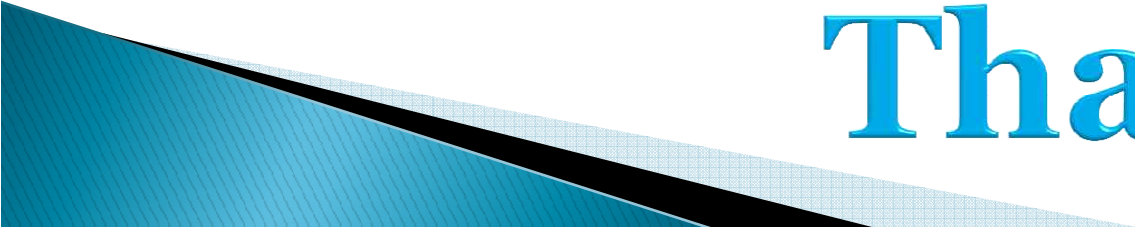
- Several positive reports on ~ 10 GeV DM

: DAMA, CRESST, CoGeNT, CDMS-Si (CDMS-Ge)

But, null results from XENON, LUX, ...

- Is it real ???
- IVDM is natural in a double portal model.
- Reconciling CDMS-Si and LUX

satisfying EWPT, Z width, 126 GeV Higgs, LHCb, ...



Thank you

Symmetric vs Asymmetric

❖ Symmetric DM

✓ DM: $f_n/f_p = (S_n - V_n)/(S_p - V_p) \approx S_p/(S_p - V_p)$

→ can be < 0 depending on relative size of S_p & V_p .

✓ Anti-DM: $f_n/f_p = (S_n + V_n)/(S_p + V_p) \approx S_p/(S_p + V_p)$

→ always > 0 .

❖ Asymmetric DM: one component dominates.

Relic density is mostly determined by asymmetry.

